## Complete Reading Grade 2

## Scope and Sequence

## Complete Reading for Grade 2

Complete Reading for Grade 2 is a comprehensive (1500+ activities) Language Arts program designed to give students all of the reading and language skills required for mastery to the end of Grade 2. Each component of the program uses hundreds of activities to build skills gradually and sequentially. Auditory instructions, help buttons and rule files ensure that students will navigate the activities easily, independently and at their own level of ability. A wide variety of reward and reinforcements keep the students engaged and motivated to succeed while they develop academic self confidence.

## Program Layout

1. Phonics
2. Sight Words
3. Language and Grammar
4. Reading

## Targeted Skills

Phonics
Sight Word Recognition
Reading Comprehension
Grammar
Language
Spelling


## Teacher Dashboard

Using the Teacher Dashboard, a teacher can assign program pretests to individual students, or an entire class. Based on pretest results, the Teacher Dashboard will create an individualized program to target each student's skill deficits. It's completely automated and provides a highly efficient way to tailor instruction to meet specific learning needs. It provides individualized student instruction in a way that is not otherwise possible given limited time \& resources.

- Pretests automatically assess the skill and ability levels of each student
- Automatic creation of an individualized program for each student's specific needs
- Teachers also retain the ability to customize all programs to meet instructional needs
- New "Hot Spots" report quickly identifies areas of student difficulty
- New "Skills" report relates all activities to specific curriculum outcomes
- Stores student marks and progress in one central location for all programs
- Creates and prints reports quickly and easily for sharing with parents and staff


## 1. PHONICS

9 units and 50 subunits. Activity key for subunits below.

| UNIT | SUBUNIT |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. Short Vowels | A, E, I, O, U, Review |
| 2. Long Vowels | A, E, I, O, U, Review |
| 3. Consonant Blends | R Blends, L Blends, S Blends, Digraphs |



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| UNIT | ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| See above <br> (subunits contain the following activities) | Word Meanings | Match the words with their meanings. | Understand word meanings |  |
|  | Categories (2 activities) | Select the correct heading (Long or Short Vowel or Hard or Soft Consonant) for each word that you hear. | Determine whether words have long or short vowel sounds or hard or soft |  |
|  | Gumballs | Color the gumball words that have the given sound. | Recognition of phonics sounds |  |
|  | Match the Sounds | Click on the words in each row that make the same vowel or consonant sound as the first word. |  |  |
|  | Add the Endings (Unit 9 Only) | Apply the rule to add the endings to the word. | Skill will pertain to the spelling rule being taught |  |
|  | Remove the Endings (Unit 9 Only) | Type the word without the ending. |  |  |

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## 2. SIGHT WORDS

| LIST | WORDS |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | bit, fill, fit, hit, miss, lay, may, job, lot, top, drop |
| 2 | hill, bill, fun, game, doll, spot, box, gas, map, child |
| 3 | hope, note, bad, glad, sat, stand, act, flat, plan, shall |
| 4 | lost, seat, heat, meet, seen, fell, set, spell, rest, led |
| 5 | friend, ready, end, send, free, real, sent, near, told, took, move |
| 6 | gone, maybe, ago, list, mine, lie, side, wide, cost, without |
| 7 | ate, past, place, stay, wait, safe, art, step, full, knew, turn |
| 8 | rock, block, barn, fire, glass, hole, letter, sail, smile, tail, team, hair |
| 9 | rich, trip, tomorrow, cool, dark, deep, during, test, trade, track, rule |
| 10 | else, almost, enjoy, front, great, learn, might, sure, beside, feeling, understand |
| 11 | cook, cross, half, ring, snow, line, number, paint, rope, wood |
| 12 | yet, along, air, guess, happen, left, main, nearly, pay, sound, above |
| 13 | began, being, born, able, allow, across, corner, count, busy, cannot, clear |
| 14 | hurry, itself, fact, fear, means, miles, music, quiet, really, return, rise |
| 15 | money, oil, roll, bottle, change, finish, key, knife, watch, shapes, afraid |
| 16 | size, strong, simple, song, speed, surprise, since, sometimes, young, pair |
| 17 | against, already, beautiful, become, believe, belong, center, certain, choose, complete, copy, cover |
| 18 | present, hundred, knock, shovel, square, spring, string, breakfast, building, church, circus, doctor |
| 19 | decide, describe, different, enough, explain, heavy, however, important, lovely |
| 20 | piece, point, problem, question, special, subject, suddenly, thought, touch, toward |

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| LIST | WORDS |
| :---: | :---: |
| Animal Words | bear, chicken, cows, duck, horse, monkey, pig, rabbit, sheep, snake |
| Body Words | body, ears, face, foot, hand, head, heart, legs, nose, skin |
| Clothing Words | clothes, dress, hat, jeans, shirt, shoes, skirt, socks |
| Opposites 1 | ahead, anything, arrive, behind, brother, buy, leave, nothing, sell, sister, few,several |
| Opposites 2 | correct, cried, death, dry, first, last, laughed, life, wet, wrong |
| Opposites 3 | break, build, early, happy, east, easy, hard, late, sad, west |
| Opposites 4 | high, inside, king, listen, low, moon, north, outside, queen, south, sun, talk |
| Opposites 5 | lose, part, quickly, short, slowly, summer, tall, thick, thin, whole, win, winter |
| Food Words | apple, bread, eggs, fish, fruit, meat, milk, salt, seeds, sugar |
| Home and Garden | chair, floor, flowers, garden, grass, oven, room, table, wall, window, yard |
| School | bell, class, color, crayon, desk, page, paper, pencil, sentence, study |
| Transportation | bicycle, boat, bus, plane, ship, train, truck, van, wheels |
| City and Country | city, country, crops, farm, field, road, shop, store, street, town |
| Water | ice, lake, ocean, rain, river, sea, stream, waves |
| Time | evening, hour, minute, month, second, time, week, year |
| Action | catch, climb, dance, fight, push, race, reach, smell, speak, swim |
| People | aunt, family, men, Mr, Mrs, person, someone, teacher, uncle, woman |
| Earth | earth, forest, ground, land, park, plants, root, sand, stick, stone |
| Sky | air, cloud, sky, space, stars, weather, wind |
| Contractions | didn't, I'll, isn't, let's, wasn't, we'll |

## Scope and Sequence - Complete Reading for Grade 2

40 lists of basic grade-appropriate words. Each list has the following activities:

| ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Word Match | Click on the word below that matches the big word. | Visual word recognition | RF.2.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. |
| Auditory Match | Click on the word you hear and say it. | Auditory word recognition |  |
| Typing | Type the letters of the word you see. | Keyboarding |  |
| Picture Match | Click on the word that matches each picture. | Matching word concepts with pictures | L.2.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. <br> L.2.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. <br> L.2.6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy). |
| Flash Cards | Click on the word that matches the big word. | Auditory and visual word recognition |  |
| Comprehension | Find the word that belongs in each sentence and click on it. | Using words in the context of sentences |  |
| See and Spell | Type the letters of each word that appears on the screen. | Spell words using visual memory |  |
| Hear and Spell | Type the letters of the word that you hear. | Spell words using auditory memory |  |
| Concentration | Find the matching words to see the hidden picture. | Visual and auditory memory |  |
| Word Search | Find the hidden word and click on each letter of the word. | Visual discrimination and word tracking |  |
| Jumble | Match the mixed up words with the correct words on the left. | Letter sequencing and spelling |  |

## 3. LANGUAGE AND GRAMMAR

| UNIT | ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Punctuation - <br> Apostrophe - <br> Contractions | Contraction Match | Match the words with their contractions. | Understand common contractions. | L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |
|  | Auditory Match I | Choose the correct contractions for the words you hear. |  |  |
| follows:) <br> List 1: aren't/ | Auditory Match II | Choose the correct words for the contractions you hear. |  |  |
| didn't/doesn't/ don't/hasn't/ haven't/he's/he'll | Click on the Correct Contraction | Click on the correct contraction for the word you see. |  |  |
| List 2: hadn't/l'm/ isn't/it's/let's/ she'll/she's/ shouldn't/there's/ they'll List 3: you're/ you'll/wouldn't/ won't/what's/ weren't/we're/ we'll/wasn't/ they're | Unscramble the Contractions | Unscramble the contractions. | Identify contractions for given words and words for given contractions. |  |
|  | Typing I | Type the long form for each contraction. |  |  |
|  | Typing II | Type the proper contractions for these words. |  |  |
|  | Concentration | Match the words with their contractions. |  |  |
| Punctuation Apostrophe Singular Possessives | Match the Possessives | Match the noun with the possessive form. | Understand meaning of singular possessive nouns and apply them in given sentences. | L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |
|  | Type the Possessive Noun | Type the correct possessive noun. |  |  |
|  | Choose the Correct Possessive Noun | Choose the correct possessive noun. |  |  |
| Language | Comma Use - Letters | Click where you should place commas in the following letters. | Understand comma use in letter writing. | L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |

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| UNIT | ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compound Sentences | Is it a Compound Sentence? | Is this a compound sentence? | Identify whether a given sentence is a compound sentence. | L.2.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. |
|  | Compound Sentences I | Click on the two shorter sentences that make up the compound sentence at the top. | Understand that compound sentences are made up of smaller sentences. |  |
|  | Compound Sentences II |  |  |  |
| Capitalization | Rule 1: First letter of the sentence and the word $I$. | Click on the words that should have capital letters. | Understand various capitalization rules and apply them to given sentences. | L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |
|  | Rule 2: The names of days, months and holidays. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 3: Names of people and pets. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 4: All geographic names, cities, states, countries, rivers, lakes, oceans, mountains, etc. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 5: Buildings, structures and landmarks. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 6: Companies and organizations. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 7: Brand names. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 8: Titles of T.V. programs, songs, movies, books and poems. |  |  |  |
|  | Rule 9: Quotations. |  |  |  |



## 4. READING

70 grade-appropriate fiction and non-fiction stories with comprehension questions.

| UNIT | ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 UNITS OF 2 STORIES EACH | Read and Do | 2. What catches inside the parachute? <br> a) air <br> b) water <br> c) sky <br> 4. How does Mom steer the parachute? <br> a) She pulls on the ropes b) The air slows her down <br> c) The cuts the ropes <br> 5. From this story you can tell that: <br> a) A parachute is open inside an airplane <br> b) A parachute is made of paper <br> c) A parachute is not open inside an airplane | Getting the Facts <br> Sequencing Events <br> Making Inferences <br> Predicting Outcomes | RF.2.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. <br> (FICTION STORIES) <br> RL.2.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. <br> RL.2.3. Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges. <br> RL.2.5. Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action. <br> RL.2.7. Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot. <br> RL.2.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. |

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| UNIT | ACTIVITY <br> NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (NON-FICTION STORIES) <br> RI.2.1. Ask and answer such questions <br> as who, what, where, when, why, and <br> how domonstrate understanding of <br> key details in a text. |  |
| RI.2.3. Describe the connection <br> between a series of historical events, <br> scientific ideas or concepts, or steps <br> in technical procedures in a text. <br> RI.2.8. Describe how reasons support <br> specific points the author makes in a <br> text. |  |  |  |  |
| (continued) |  |  |  |  |

Scope and Sequence - Complete Reading for Grade 2

| UNIT | ACTIVITY <br> NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | RF.2.4. Read with sufficient accuracy <br> and fluency to support <br> comprehension. |
| (FICTION STORIES) |  |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 UNITS OF 2 STORIES EACH | Vocabulary Builder | 1. What story word rhymes with near? <br> a) steer <br> b) air <br> c) stand <br> 2. Up and down are opposites. What story word is the opposite of low? <br> a) opens <br> b) high <br> c) over <br> 3. Which word from the story rhymes with pair a boots? <br> a) pair of feet <br> b) parachutes parakeets <br> 4. What word means happy? <br> a) hug <br> b) yells <br> c) joy <br> 5. What story word has the small word cat in it? <br> a) parachute <br> b) carry <br> c) catches | Word Meanings <br> Rhyming Words <br> Root and Base Words <br> Spelling <br> Synonyms, Antonyms \& Homonyms <br> Compound Words | RF.2.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. <br> RI.2.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area. <br> RF.2.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 UNITS OF 2 STORIES EACH | Clozing Time | After each number in the story there is a word missing. Choose the correct words below the box to go with each number in the story. Click on the words at the top to hear them. <br> Up in the air, high in the sky, a woman jumps out of an 1. She is falling fast, very fast. On her back is a 2 . When she pulls a rope, the parachute opens up. The air 3 inside the parachute and slows her down. She 4 the parachute by pulling on the ropes. She lands on her feet in the grass and jumps for joy. We all run over to give my mom a big hug. <br> 1 - airplane / parachute <br> 2 - parachute / airplane <br> 3 - steers / catches <br> 4 - catches / steers | Using Words in Context | RF.2.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. <br> RI.2.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area. <br> RF.2.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. |
| 35 UNITS | Hear and Match | Click on the word you hear and say it. | Word Recognition | RF.2.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. <br> RI.2.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area. <br> RF.2.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. |
|  | I Remember | Find the matching words to see the hidden picture. | Memory |  |
|  | Word Shapes | Choose the word that fits into each word shape. | Visual Discrimination |  |
|  | Typing | Type the letters for each word in the list. | Keyboard Skills |  |
|  | Letter Stew | Match the mixed up words with the correct words on the left. | Visual Tracking Spelling |  |
|  | Word Hunt | Find the hidden word and click on each letter of the word. | Word Recognition Spelling |  |

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| ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rhyming Words I | Choose and type the correct word from the list above to complete this poem. | Pick a word that rhymes with a given set of words. | RL.2.4. Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. |
| Rhyming Words II | Match the word on the left with the word on the right that rhymes with it. |  |  |
| Rhyming Schemes I | Arrange these lines so they make a poem with an AABB rhyming scheme. | Understand the rhyming scheme for a given poem. |  |
| Rhyming Schemes II | Is this an ABAB rhyming scheme? |  |  |
| Verses Couplets | Choose the best line to complete these couplets. | Identify rhyming words in a given quatrain and couplet. |  |
| Verses Quatrains | Click on the rhyming word pairs in each quatrain. |  |  |
| Point of View I | Whose point of view is expressed in this statement? | Determine whose point of view is being expressed from clues in a given statement. | RL.2.9. Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures. |
| Point of View II |  |  |  |
| Writing To Convince Or Persuade | Click on the sentence that does not give a strong reason to support the statement. | Identify whether a given sentence strongly supports a basic argument. |  |
| Dictionary Use | Various questions that require students to use an included electronic dictionary. | Understand how to use a basic dictionary. | L.2.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |
| Features of Text I | Various questions pertaining to: caption, bold print, heading, glossary, index | Understand the basic organizational features of texts. | RI.2.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently. |
| Features of Text II |  |  |  |
| Formal and Informal | Identify whether formal or informal writing would be used in various scenarios. | Understand the basic concept of informal and formal use of language. | L.2.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. |

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| ACTIVITY NAME | INSTRUCTION | SKILLS | COMMON CORE STANDARDS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pictures and Text | Determine whether various pieces of <br> information are found in a text or in a picture. | Understand the difference between gathering <br> information from a picture or text. | RI.2.7. Explain how specific images (e.g., a <br> diagram showing how a machine works) <br> contribute to and clarify a text. |

